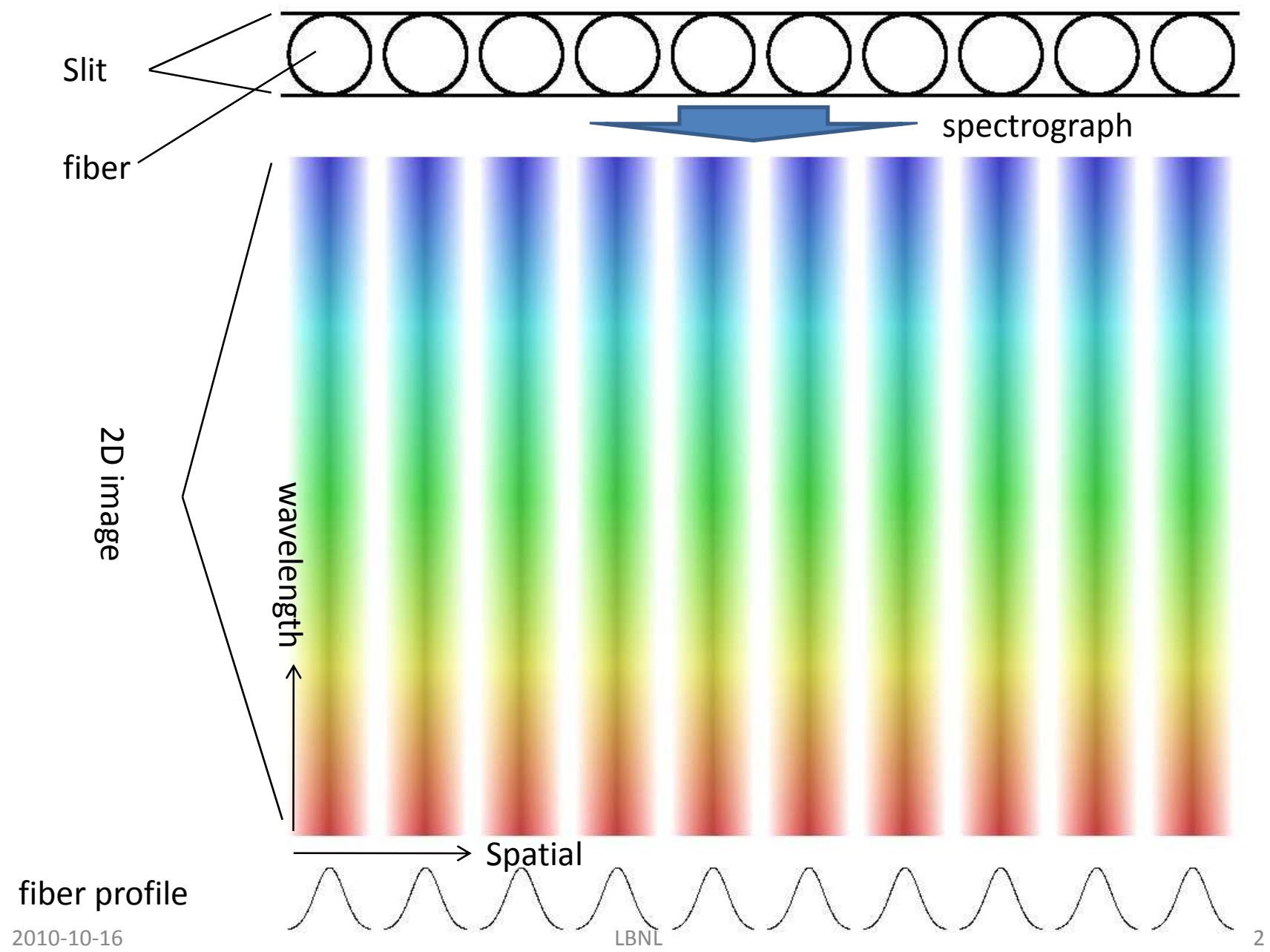
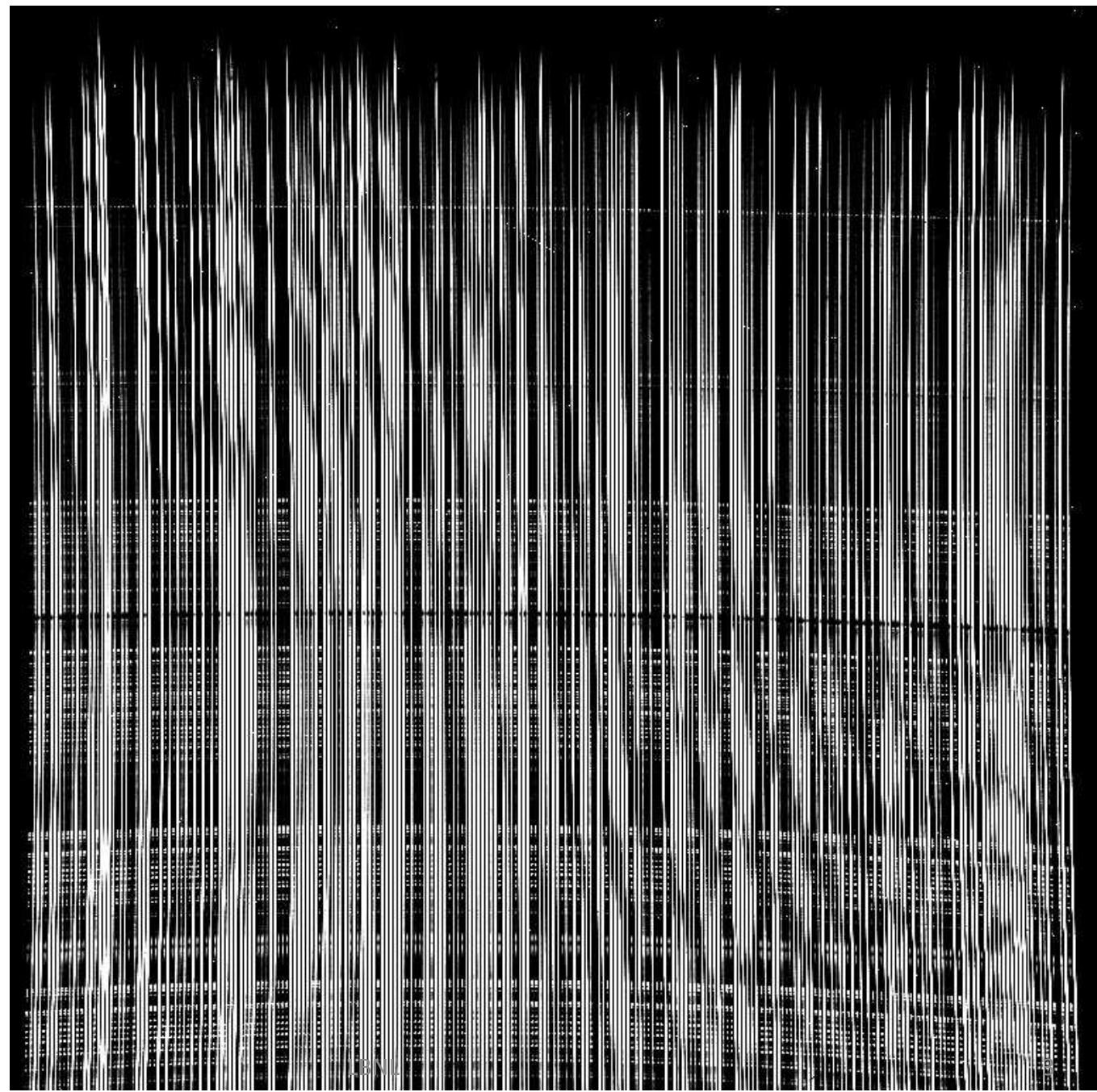
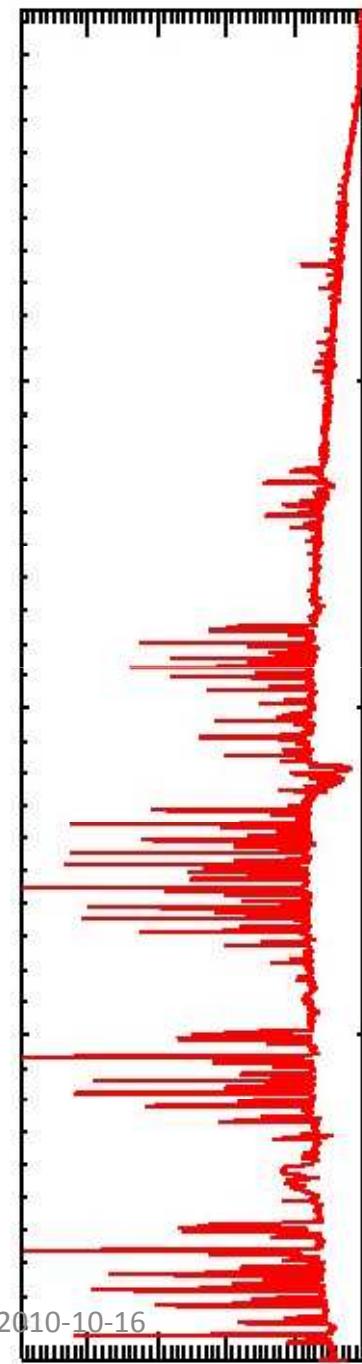


LAMOST 2D DATA REDUCTION

Zhongrui Bai

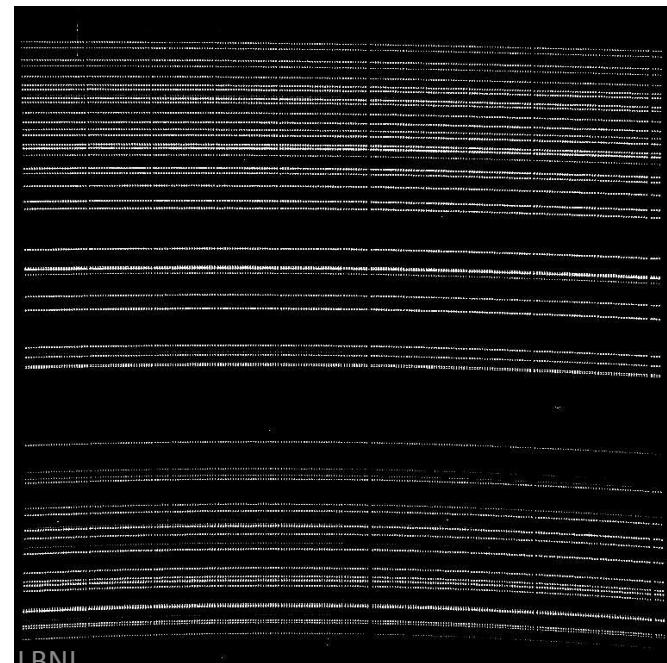
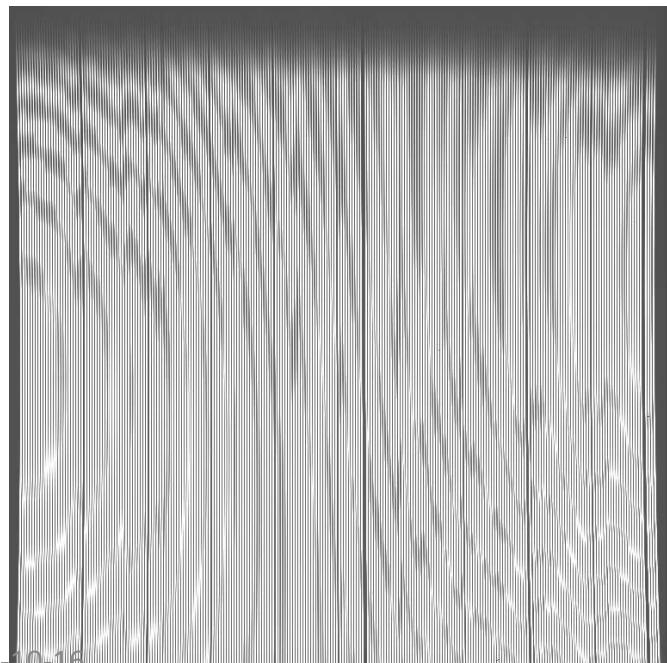
LAMOST team





Raw images

- Science targets
- Screen flat fiber throughput
- Arc lamp wavelength calibration



Principle

$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda) + s(\lambda)]H(i, \lambda)$$

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, 250 \quad \lambda = \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_{4136}$$

where

$$H(i, \lambda) = T(\lambda)L(i, \lambda)$$

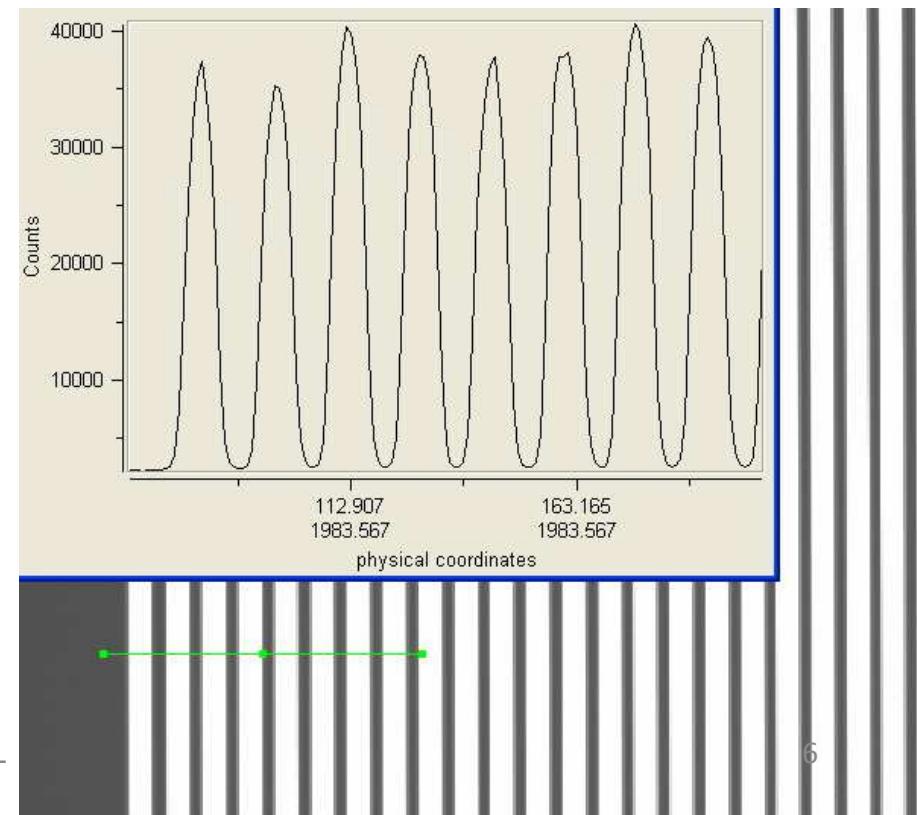
so

$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

Fiber trace - i

- By screen flat
- Get each profile center by centroid
- Fit the centroids
By polynomical

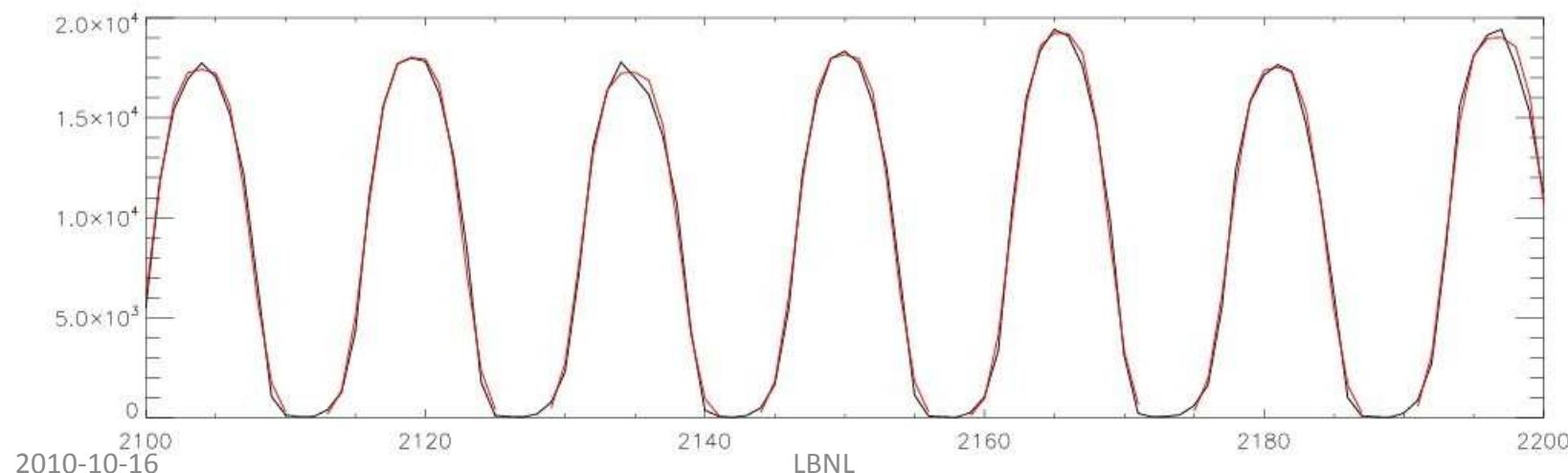


$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

Flux extraction

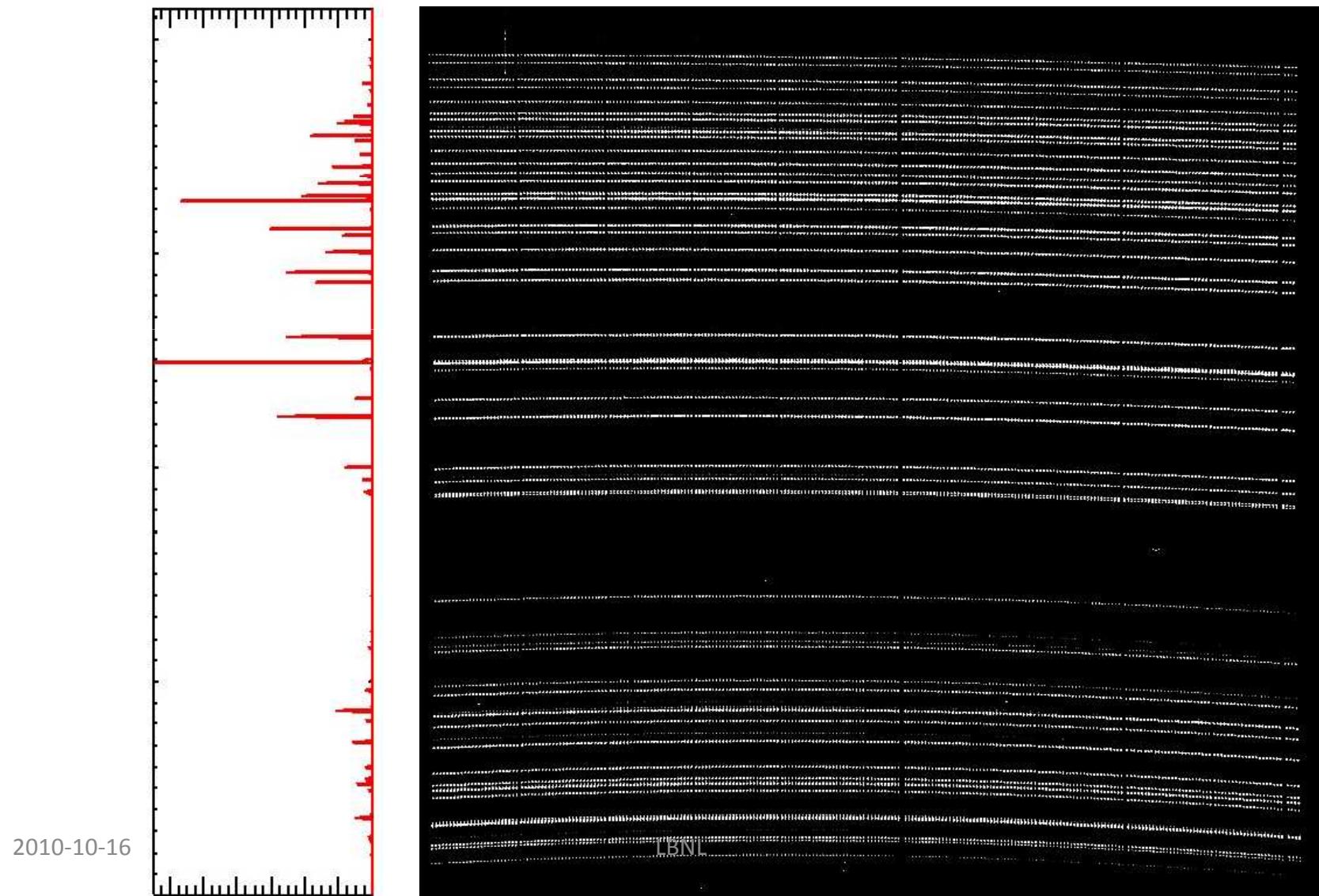
- Aperture
- Weighted aperture
- Profile fitting
- 2d profile fitting

$$f(x) = a \cdot e^{-\frac{(x-b)^c}{c \cdot d^c}}$$



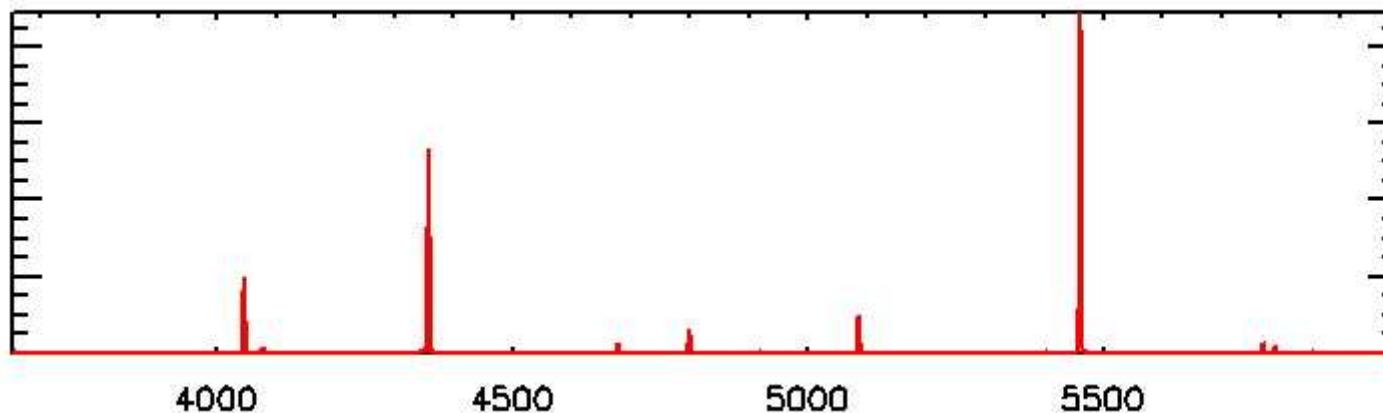
$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

Wavelength calibration - λ



Example (blue side)

- Calibrate a center fiber, such as 125th
- Based on: $\log\lambda \sim \text{pixel}$ (grating)
- Fit line center and laboratorial lambda
- Loop through other fibers

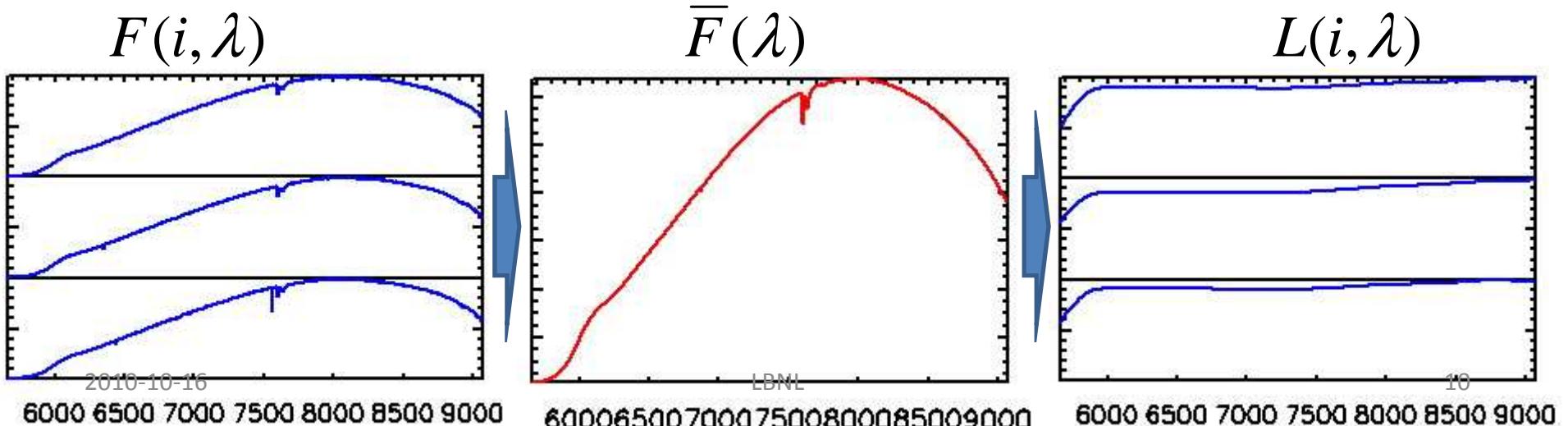


$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

Screen flat – $L(i, \lambda)$

$$F(i, \lambda) = F(\lambda)H(i, \lambda) = F(\lambda)T(\lambda)L(i, \lambda)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{c} F(1, \lambda) \\ F(2, \lambda) \\ \vdots \\ F(n, \lambda) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \underbrace{\overline{F(\lambda)}}_{=F(\lambda)T(\lambda)} \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{c} L(1, \lambda) = F(1, \lambda)/\overline{F(\lambda)} \\ L(2, \lambda) = F(2, \lambda)/\overline{F(\lambda)} \\ \vdots \\ L(n, \lambda) = F(n, \lambda)/\overline{F(\lambda)} \end{array} \right.$$

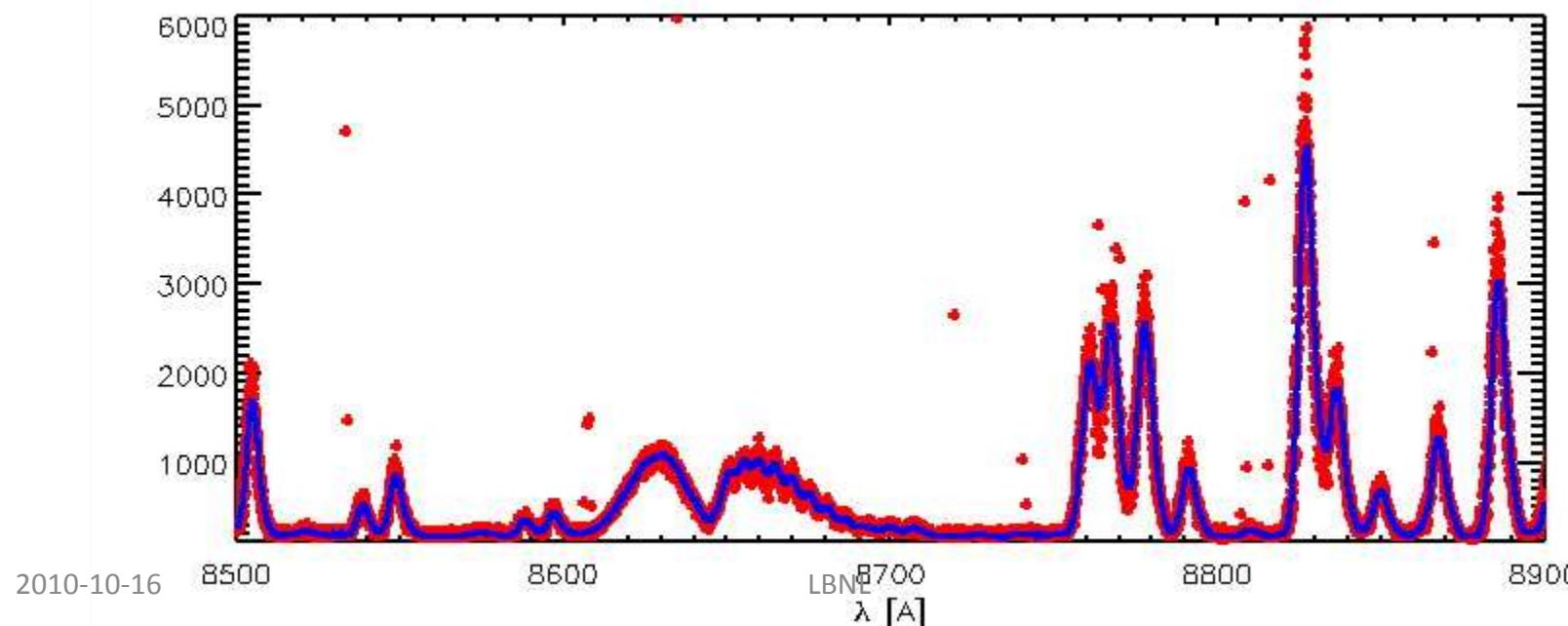


$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

Sky subtraction – $s(\lambda)T(\lambda)$

$$S(i, \lambda) = [\underbrace{O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda)}_{=0} + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

- Several sky fibers
- B-spline fit



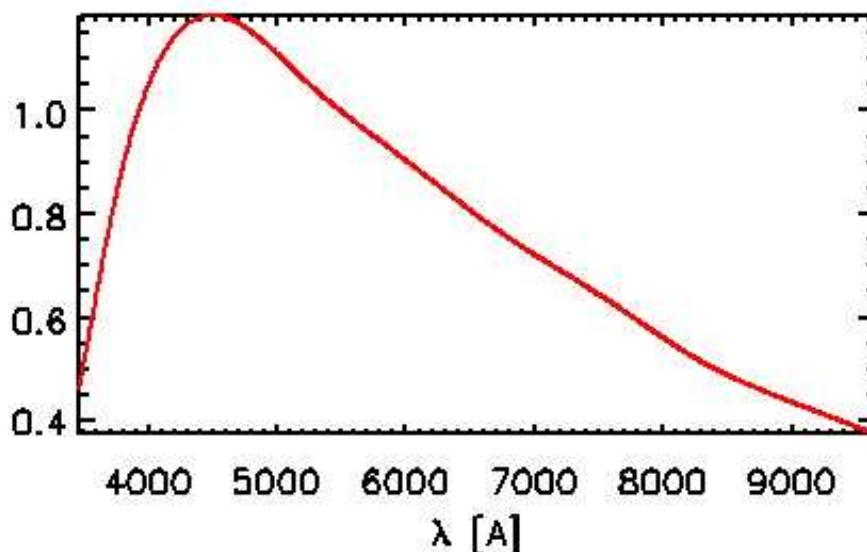
$$O(i, \lambda) = [O_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]L(i, \lambda)$$

Flux calibration – $T(\lambda)$

$$C(i, \lambda) = \underbrace{[C_0(i, \lambda)T(\lambda) + s(\lambda)T(\lambda)]}_{\text{template}} L(i, \lambda)$$

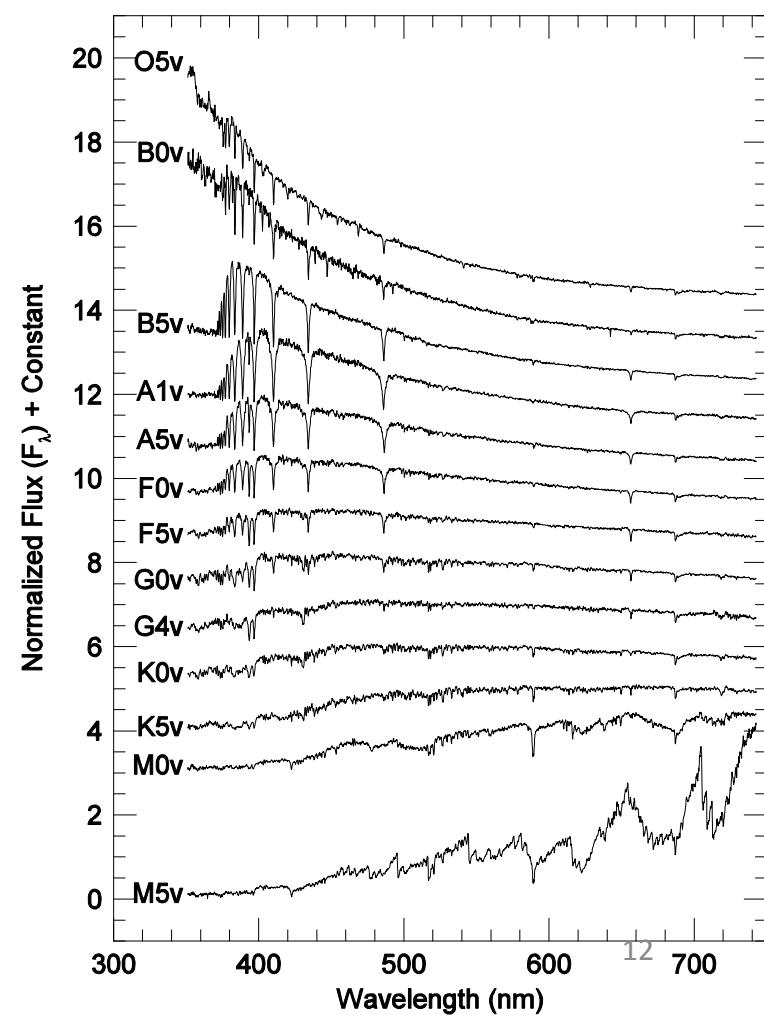
Dwarf Stars (Luminosity Class V)

- Select F8v star as standard
- 5 or more standard stars



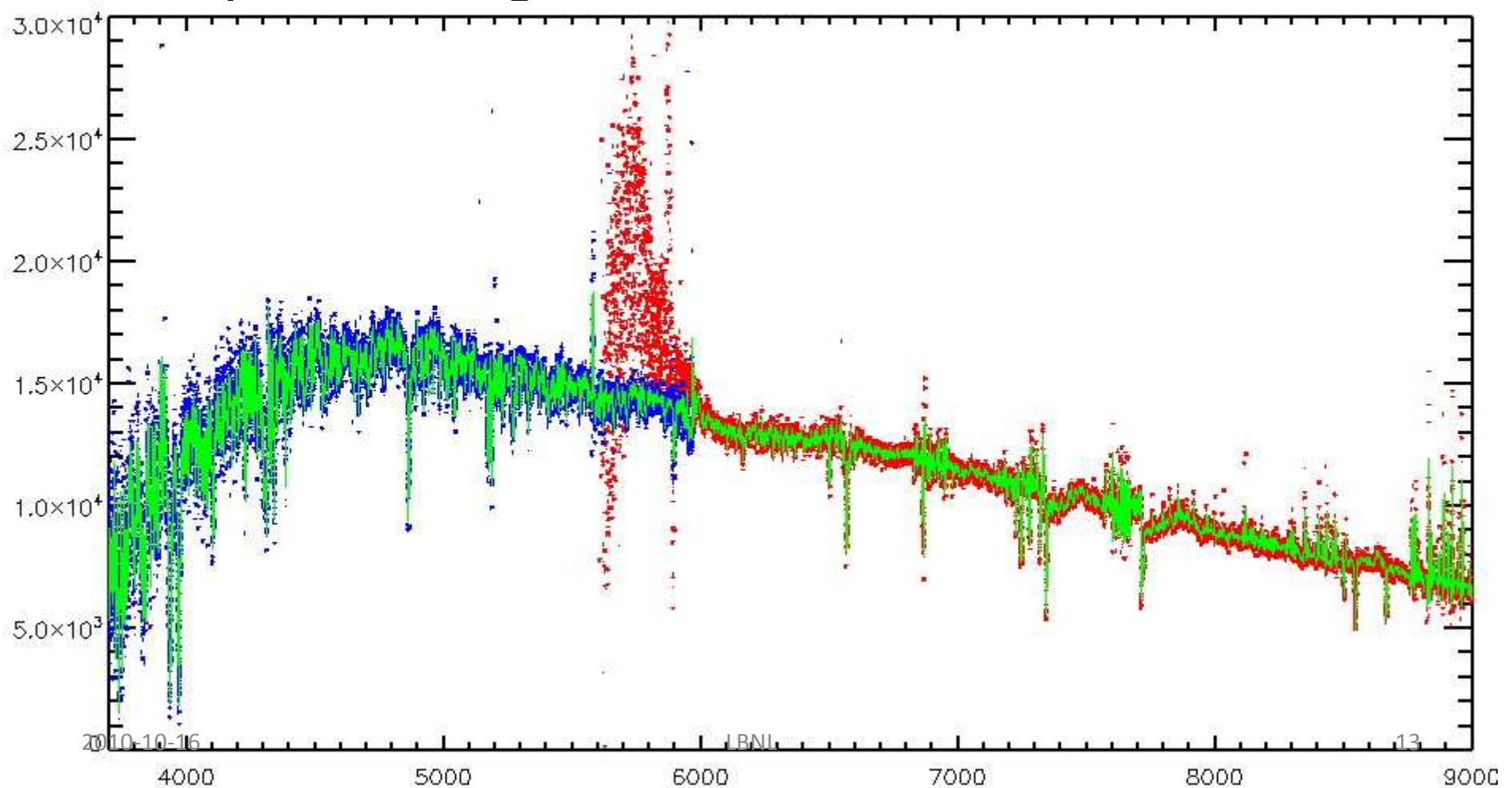
2010-10-16

LBNL

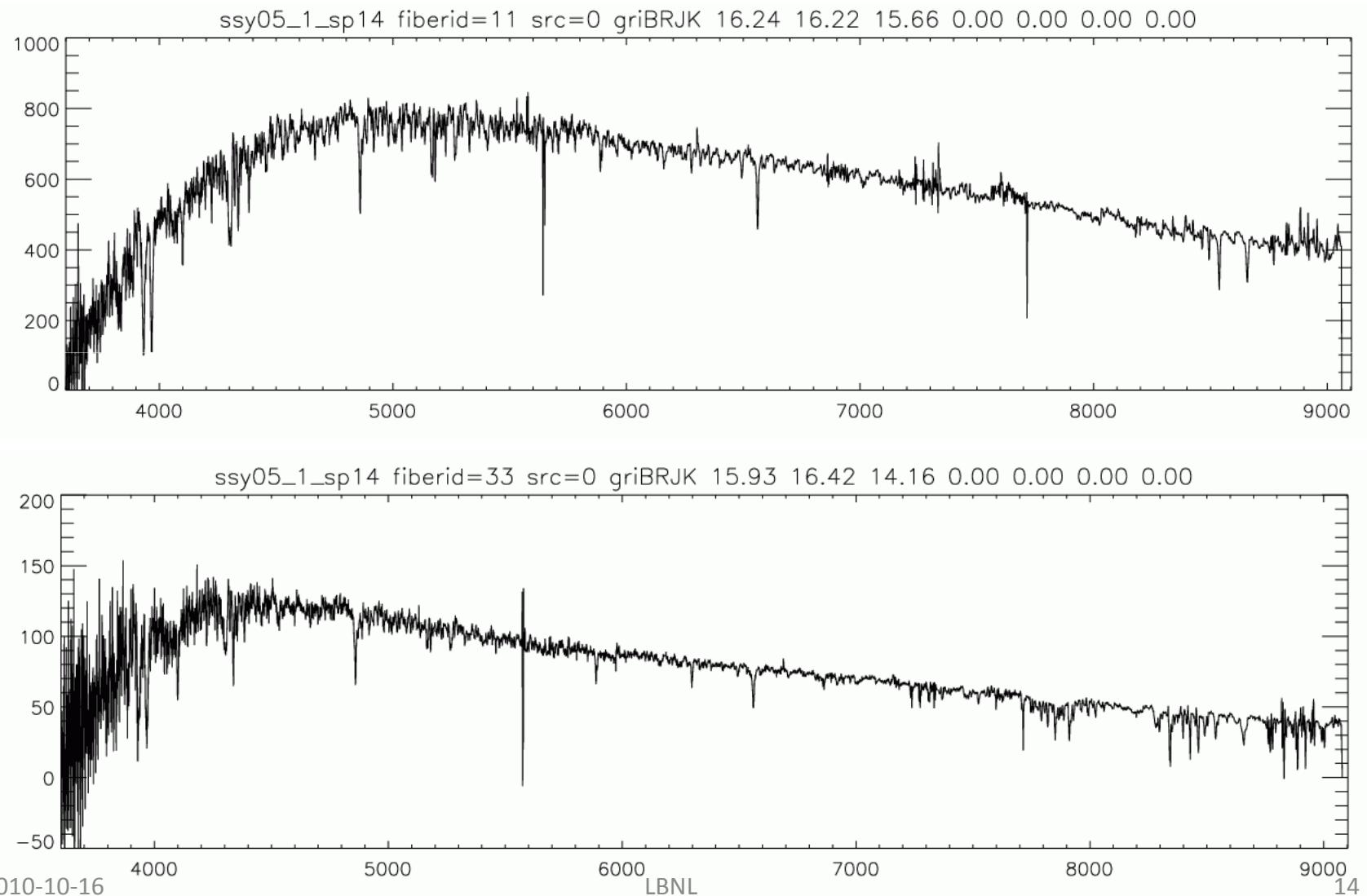


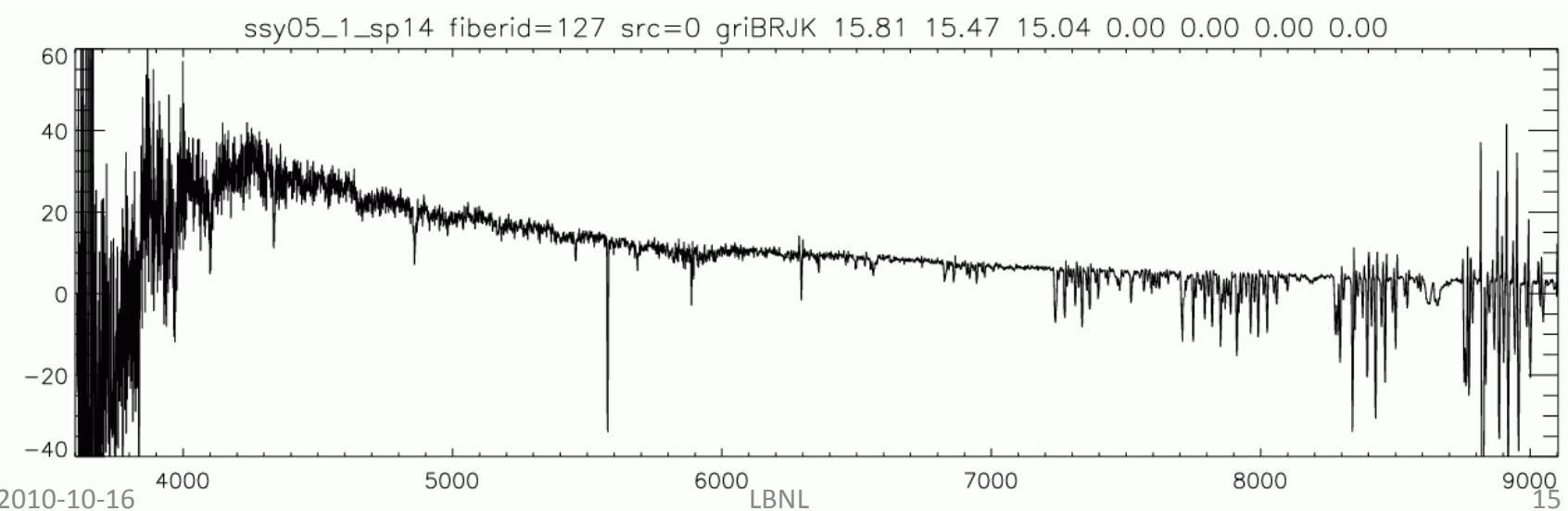
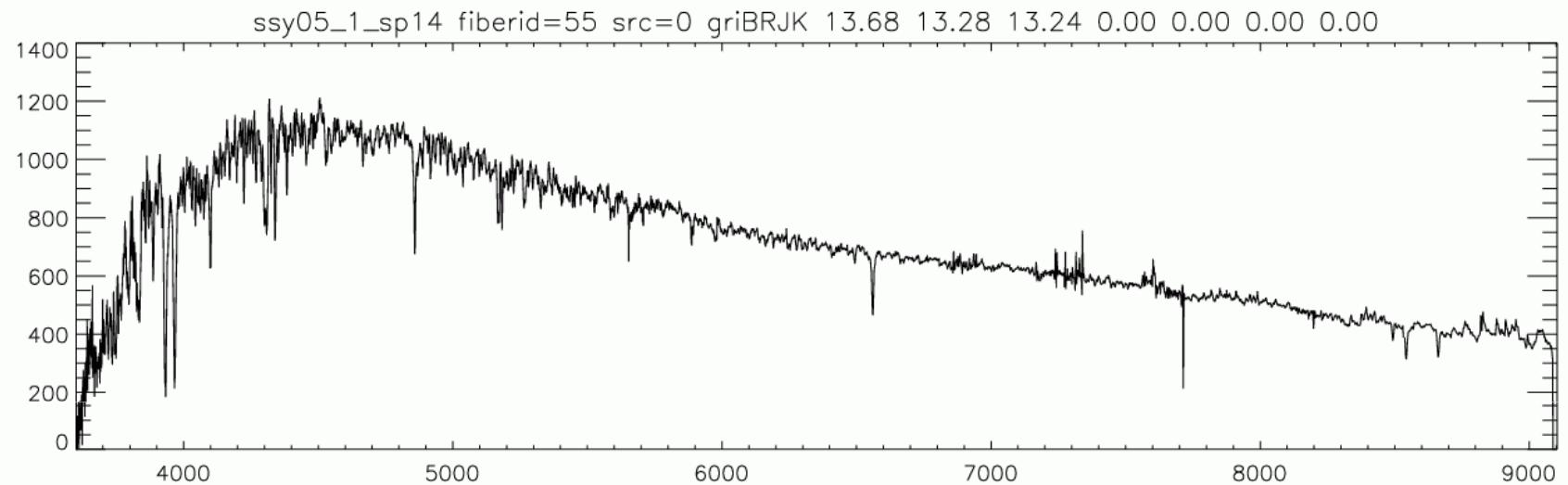
Spectrum combination

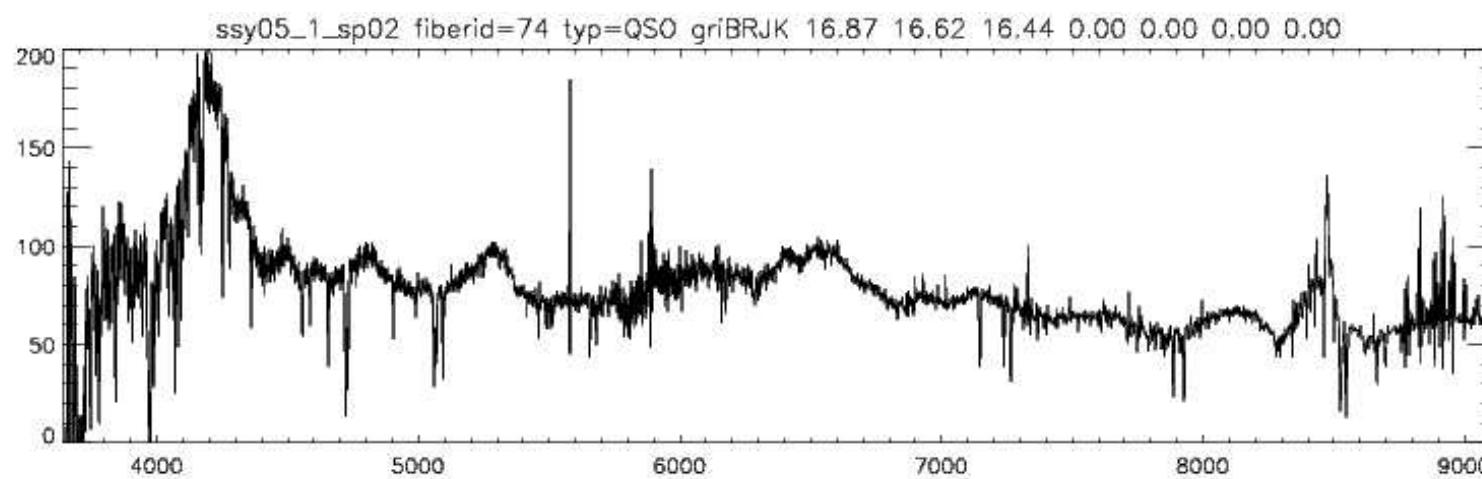
- B-spline fitting



Samples







Problem list

- Low S/N at the ends of spectrum
- Flux extraction
- Screen flat is not perfect
- Sky emission line profiles vary
- Fiber positioning accuracy
- Flux calibration need be approved

Thank you!